SERVICE DELIVERY PLAN 2023-24:

January to March 2024

INDEX

Total emergency calls

Total incidents

Total fires

Primary fires

Secondary fires

Special services

False alarms

Attendance standard

Sickness absence

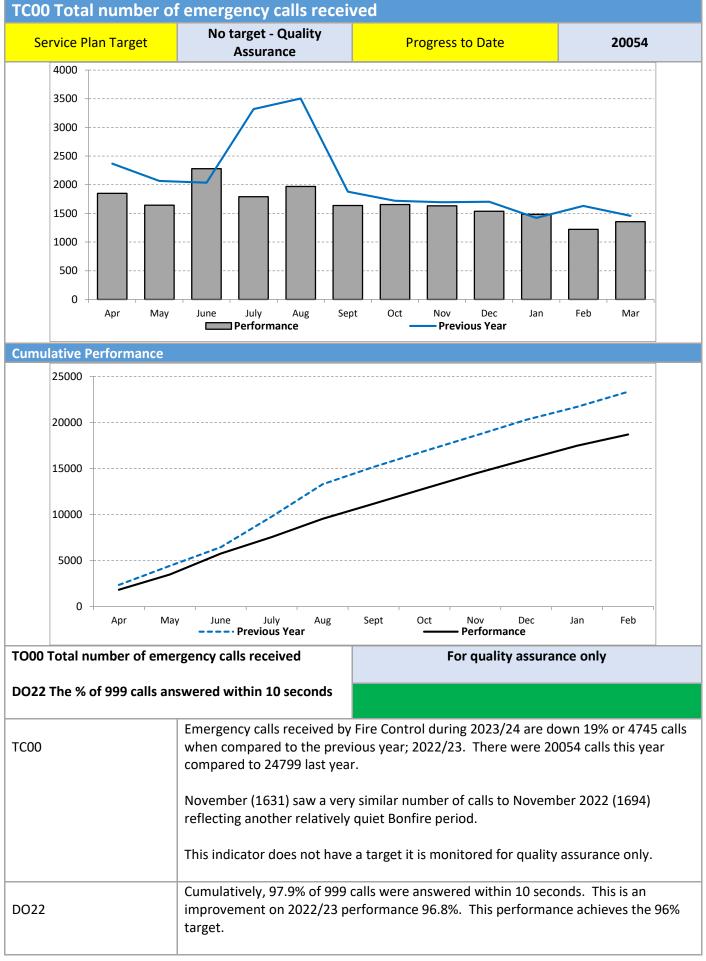
Carbon output

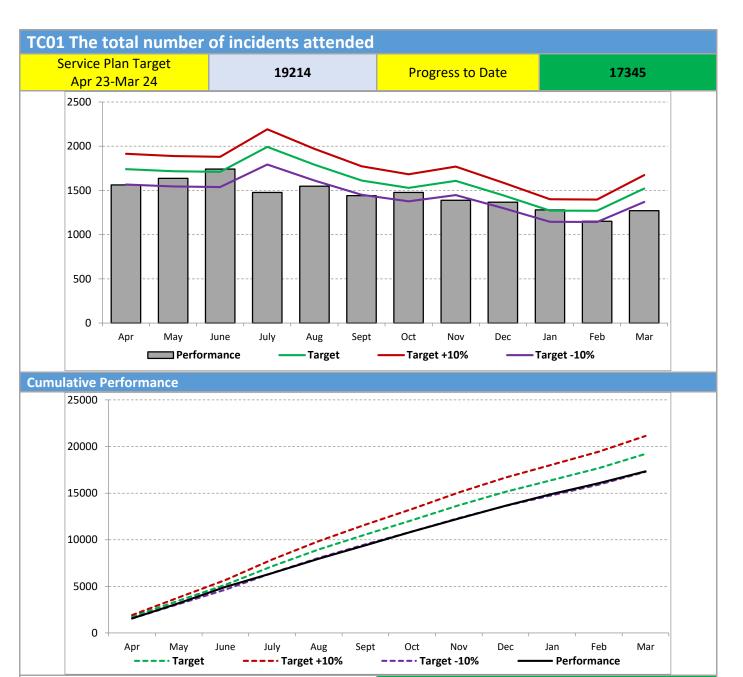
Objective:

Good performance is reflected on the top bar of each indicator graph. We use Red, Amber, and Green to indicate how each indicator is performing. Amber reflects an indicator is within 10% of target.



BENCHMARK INDICATORS





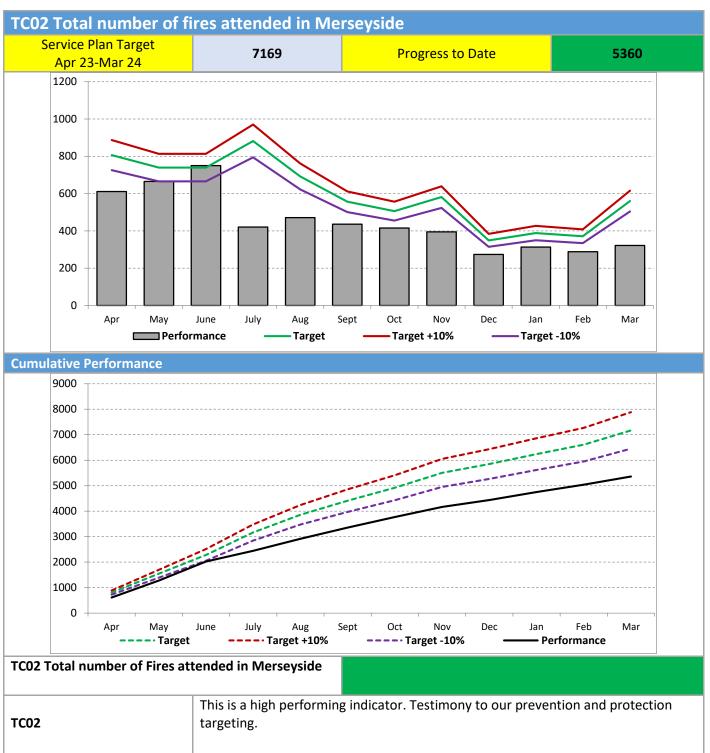
TC01 Total number of incidents attended

TC01

Performance against all key performance indicators (KPI's) has remained under target for this year except false alarms and special service calls. We do not want to discourage or reduce some types of false alarm (good intent) and special services (e.g. assisting the ambulance service or Police), that said we are focusing on unwanted fire signals through active engagement.

During 2023/24 there have been 1398 fewer incidents attended (17345) than in 2022/23 (18736). This is a 7.5% reduction in incidents attended.

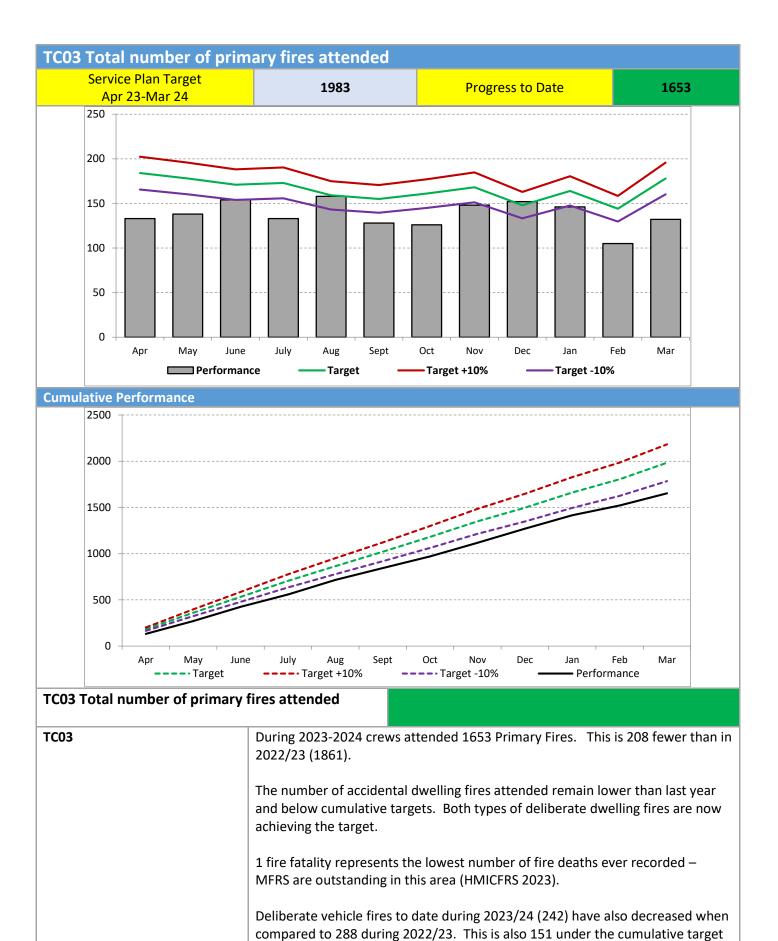
The Bonfire period saw fewer incidents than in 2022, in November 2023 crews attended 1387 compared to 1404 in November 2022



Crews attended 24.7% fewer fires between April 2023 and March 2024 (5360) compared to 2022/23 (7113). This is 1753 fewer fires and 1809 below the cumulative target of 7169.

Following a peak in the numbers of fires attended in June (750) incidents have fallen and remained fairly consistent for the remainder of the year.

Arson teams and high visibility patrols alongside our targeted prevention work continue to improve outcomes for the Service.

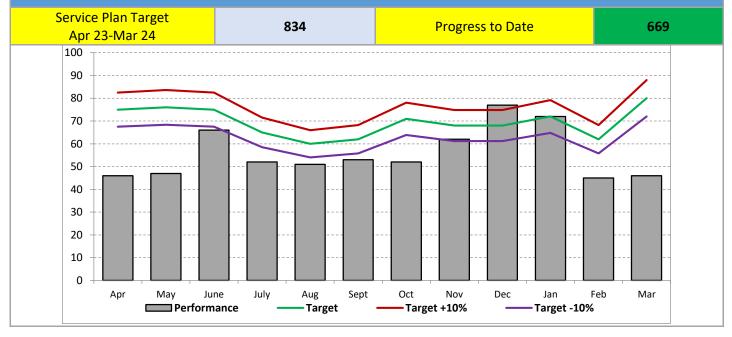


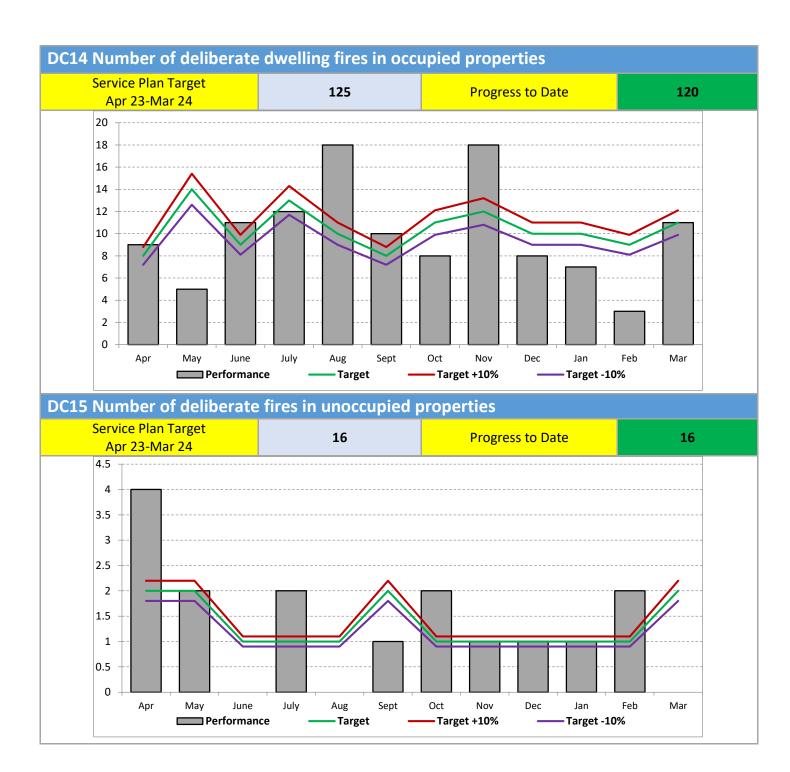
of 393.

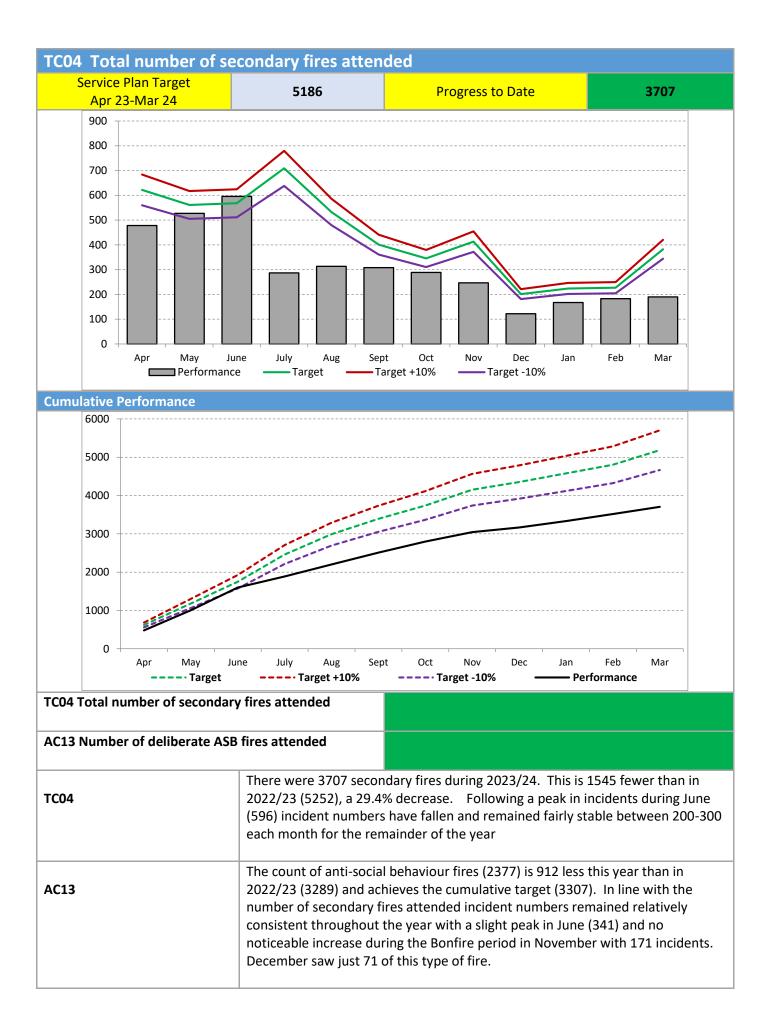
	n.b. Primary fires involve an insurable loss and includes all property related fires, or large-scale secondary fires where 5 or more appliances are in attendance.	

DC11	Number of accidental dwelling fires		
DC12	Number of fatalities in accidental dwelling fires		
DC13	Number of injuries in accidental dwelling fires		
DC14	Number of deliberate dwelling fires in occupied properties		
DC15	Number of deliberate dwelling fires in unoccupied properties		
DC16	Number of deaths occurring in deliberate dwelling fires		
DC17	Number of injuries occurring in deliberate dwelling fires		
COMMENTARY:			
DC11		Accidental dwelling fires during 2023/24 at 669 are considerably low year when 780 fires were attended. This is a 14.2% reduction or 111 l	· ·
DC12		There was 1 fatality in accidental dwelling fires to date. This is the lower in accidental dwelling fires ever recorded.	st number of fatalities
DC13		There have been 55 injuries in Accidental Dwelling Fires. This is 35 target of 90.	pelow the cumulative
DC14		Deliberate dwelling fires in occupied property (120) are below the cumulative target (125) and exactly the same as in 2022/23.	
DC15		The number of deliberate fires in unoccupied properties (16) are als target of 16.	o achieve the annual
DC16 E	OC17	There have been no fatalities but 7 injuries in deliberate dwelling fire exactly the same as in 2022/23.	es in 2023/24. This is

DC11 Number of accidental fires in dwellings





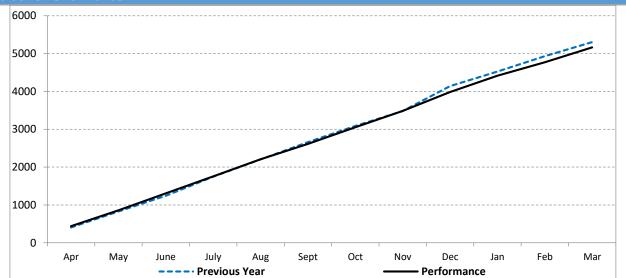


The Arson Reduction Team continue to work with partner agencies on initiatives such as Operation Banger to reduce the number of bonfires and associated misbehaviour and injuries.





Cumulative Performance



TC05 Total number of Special Services attended

For quality assurance only

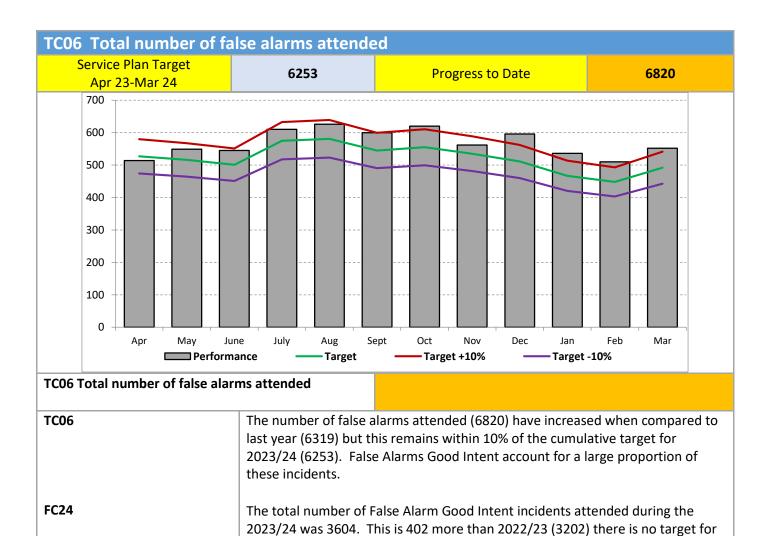
TC05

When personnel and equipment are deployed for services other than firefighting, those services are referred to as a 'Special Service Call' (SSC) and may be either 'emergency' or 'non-emergency.' Many are related to assisting partner agencies such as the Police and Ambulance, particularly related to providing medical assistance and effecting entry. They also include incident types like road traffic collisions and water rescue.

During 2023/24 the number of special services attended (5165) was lower than in 2022/23 (5304) a decrease of 139 incidents. Assisting other agencies continues to account for a quarter of all calls.

Special service calls attended are counted for quality assurance only as a number of incident types (particularly those where MFRS is assisting other

	agencies) are encouraged, rather than MFRS being in a position to take action to prevent them as is the case with most other emergency response activity.
RC11	The number of road traffic collisions attended (766) is lower than last year (841). There is no target for this incident type.
DC13	, ,
RC12	Sadly there have been 8 fatalities in RTC's attended by MFRS and 275 injuries
RC13	(220 of which were slight injuries).
RC16	Police RTC data relating to the 15-20 year old age group, which is the age group MFRS Prevention teams work with, shows that the number of incidents where a young person has been killed or seriously injured has increased from 44 in 2022/23 to 65 in 2023/24 with 3 of these sadly being fatalities.
RC24	Water rescues are also included in Special Service calls and this type of incident increased to 44 water rescues this year compared to 29 last year. This could be due to the exceptionally hot weather in June when we did see an increase in water rescues (9). Sadly this includes tragic incidents at Crosby Marina and on Queens Drive (where two people died), with a fourth water-related fatality occurring at Carr Mill Dam.
	This incident type includes rescues from floods, rivers including the Mersey, park lakes and ponds. As with road traffic collisions, arson and antisocial behaviour, the community safety team takes action with partners to reduce these types of incident.



this indicator as we do not want to discourage calls. During the year we recategorised some calls to differentiate between calls received from an

	automatic fire alarm system (via a call receiving centre) and those received from a neighbour or other person who heard (or thought they heard) a fire alarm sounding.
FC14	Smoke alarm actuations in domestic premises from Alarm Receiving Centres have increased from 2498 last year to 2566 during 2023/24, 187 over target. Work is ongoing to work with the organisations involved to reduce these calls.

